Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04)

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Local Gov	ernment Type		o Uvillage UC	Local Government Local Hamlin To				Count		
Audit Date 3/31/05			Opinion Date 6/9/05		Date Accountant Repo	rt Submitted to S		13/05		
accordar <i>Financia</i> i	ice with the Statement	ne S	nancial statements of the Counties and Local	Sovernmental Acco	unting Standards E	Board (GASE	pinion on B) and the	financial s	Report	nts prepared in ting Format fo
We affirr										
			with the <i>Bulletin for</i>			t in Michigan	as revised	d.		
			blic accountants reg							
	er affirm th ts and reco		lowing. "Yes" responendations	nses have been dis	closed in the financi	al statements	s, including	g the notes	s, or in t	he report of
You must	check the	арр	licable box for each	item below.						
Yes	<b>✓</b> No	1.	Certain component	t units/funds/agenci	es of the local unit a	re excluded	from the fi	nancial sta	atemen	ts.
Yes	✓ No	2.	There are accumu 275 of 1980).	lated deficits in on	e or more of this ur	nit's unreserv	ed fund b	alances/re	tained	earnings (P.A.
Yes	<b>✓</b> No	3.	There are instance amended).	es of non-compliar	ce with the Uniforn	n Accounting	and Bud	dgeting Ac	t (P.A.	2 of 1968, as
Yes	<b>✓</b> No	4.	The local unit has requirements, or ar		itions of either an r the Emergency Mu			ne Municip	al Fina	nce Act or its
Yes	<b>✓</b> No	5.	The local unit hold as amended [MCL		ents which do not of 1982, as amende			requiremer	nts. (P.,	A. 20 of 1943,
Yes	<b>☑</b> No	6.	The local unit has t	peen delinquent in d	distributing tax reven	ues that wer	e collected	d for anoth	er taxir	ng unit.
Yes	<b>☑</b> No	7.	pension benefits (r	normal costs) in the	titutional requirement current year. If the requirement, no con	plan is mor	e than 10	0% funded	d and th	he overfunding
Yes	✓ No	8.	The local unit use (MCL 129.241).	s credit cards and	has not adopted a	ın applicable	policy as	required	by P.A	266 of 1995
Yes	<b>✓</b> No	9.	The local unit has r	not adopted an inve	stment policy as req	uired by P.A.	. 196 of 19	997 (MCL 1	129.95)	•
We have	enclosed	l the	following:			En	closed	To Be Forward		Not Required
The lette	r of comm	ents	and recommendation	ons.						<b>✓</b>
Reports	on individu	ıal fe	ederal financial assis	tance programs (pr	ogram audits).					~
Single A	Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).									<b>V</b>
Brickle	ublic Account	•	•							
Street Add		ıza,	P.O. Box 999		City Muske	gon		State ZIP 49443		
Accountage	Signature	Qu	~ leto	PLI			C	Date 7 /	13/05	5

# Hamlin Township Mason County, Michigan

# REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

Year ended March 31, 2005

# Hamlin Township LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

March 31, 2005

### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Supervisor	
Clerk	
Treasurer	Mary McCarthy
Trustees	Johnaine Gurzynsk Brian Vanderyesi

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As management of Hamlin Township, we present to the readers of the Township's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of Hamlin Township for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter. To those familiar with this prior year financial statements or just new to this document, it is important to know that the Township is presenting this analysis along with these statements in a new format prescribed by the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34).

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ The General Fund fund balance increased \$84,044. The Fire Fund fund balance increased \$14,783
- The Township purchased radios for the fire department with a grant from another governmental agency

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. Hamlin Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The governmental-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Township's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

**Fund Financial Statements**. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories—governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the governmental-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The Township maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Fire Fund, and Debt Service Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the Budget Stabilization fund is presented as an other governmental fund.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide statement of net assets for Hamlin Township. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of March 31, 2005, the Township's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$1,375,949. Since this is the first year the township has prepared financial statements following GASB 34, comparisons to fiscal year 2004 are not available. However, these comparison schedules will be provided in future years.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.) These assets are used to provide services to the Township's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for governmental-type activities actually depict a fund balance of \$808,207. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

#### **Hamlin Township Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2005					
Current assets and other assets	\$	937,518				
Capital assets		1,004,684				
Total assets		1,942,202				
Current liabilities		35,512				
Noncurrent liabilities		530,741				
Total liabilities		566,253				
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		450,369				
Restricted		117,373				
Unrestricted		808,207				
Total net assets	\$	1,375,949				

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased by \$94,490 during the 2005 fiscal year. With all of the Township's governmental operations combined, the net result was that its operating revenues exceeded its operating expenditures, producing the resulting net assets. The following table depicts this occurrence which will be discussed in more detail later in this analysis.

### **Change in Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2005			
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charge for services	\$	83,124		
Capital grants and contributions		4,000		
General revenues				
Property taxes		254,009		
Franchise fees		4,178		
Grants and contributions not restricted		215,371		
Unrestricted investment earning		16,941		
Miscellaneous		9,215		
Total revenues		586,838		
Expenses:				
General government		249,301		
Public safety		81,769		
Public works		49,037		
Community and economic development		30,074		
Health, welfare and sanitation		35,861		
Culture and recreation		14,734		
Interest on long-term debt		31,572		
Total expenses		492,348		
Increase in net assets before transfers		94,490		
Net assets - April 1, 2004		1,281,459		
Net assets - March 31, 2005	\$	1,375,949		

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the Township governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Hamlin Township. At the end of the fiscal year 2005, the unreserved General Fund fund balance was \$692,174 and the total General Fund fund balance was \$703,828.

The Fire Fund accounts for the activities of the Township's fire department. The fire department provides services to the residents of Hamlin Township and several surrounding townships as part of the Western Mason County Fire District Authority, Inc. The fund balance at the end of the 2005 fiscal year was \$77,717, which is an increase of 23% over the prior year.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for debt payments on the new fire station. It is supported by property taxes.

At the end of the 2005 fiscal year, Hamlin Township's governmental funds reported a combined unreserved fund balance of \$808,491. This number represents the unreserved fund balance of \$692,174 in the General Fund and \$116,317 in other governmental funds. It is necessary to further distinguish the total fund balance of \$928,250 between the unreserved and reserved fund balance. The unreserved balance represents what is available for spending at the Township's discretion. Of the total unrestricted fund balance, \$2,386 is reserved for prepaid items. The restricted fund balance of \$117,373 is restricted for debt service payments.

#### **General Fund Budget**

During the current fiscal year, the Township made several amendments to its original budget. The most significant of those is listed below:

- The budget for administrative fee revenue increased to \$2,600 from \$1,000 due to an unanticipated increase.
- The Homestead tax revenue's original budget was \$0 and the final budget was \$3,500. This was due to board of review changes.
- The budget for reimbursement revenue increased from \$651 to \$7,500. This was due to receiving metro funds as reimbursement revenue.
- The only expenditure budget amendment was a line item transfer from contingency to tax tribunal expense for \$751.

Hamlin Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of March 31, 2005 totaled \$1,004,684 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements, machinery, equipment, plants and vehicles.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

The Township received a grant to purchase fire department radios for \$4,000. The total cost of the radios was \$4,425.

# Hamlin Township CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities 2005				
Land	\$	142,018			
Buildings and improvements		216,539			
Fire buildings		569,464			
Fire equipment and vehicles		28,359			
Office equipment		22,705			
Park buildings and improvements		25,599			
Total	\$	1,004,684			

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

At the end of the 2005 fiscal year, the Township had total outstanding debt of \$556,985 consisting of general obligations bonds, capital leases, and accumulated compensated absences. The general obligation debt of \$550,000 in governmental funds is backed by the full-faith and credit of the Township.

#### **Hamlin Township OUTSTANDING DEBT**

	Activities 2005
General obligation bonds	\$ 550,000
Capital leases	4,315
Accumulated compensated absences	2,670
Total	\$ 556,985

The Township's total debt decreased by \$20,966 during the fiscal year. This reduction was due to normal debt payoffs as provided for in the fiscal year 2005 Budget.

Additional information on the Township's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **General Economic Overview**

Hamlin Township has set fiscal accountability and financial stability as its number one priority. This is also its greatest challenge.

Hamlin Township's General Fund is comprised of two major revenue sources. The two consist of state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. Those two sources comprise approximately 75% of the General Fund revenue sources. In fiscal year 2006, state revenue sharing is expected to continue to decline. Property tax revenues will remain flat at best.

The Hamlin Township Board is somewhat cautious on expenditures of the Township due to the economic and uncertainties of Mason County and Michigan with regards to state revenue sharing.

The employment situation for Mason County and the surrounding area is a concern for caution and conservativeness with the Township spending.

However, Hamlin Township is optimistic for future in economic growth development including several new subdivisions located in the Township.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Hamlin Township's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Hamlin Township, 3775 N. Jebavy Drive, Ludington, Michigan, 49431 and (231) 845-7801.

# BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 9, 2005

Township Board Hamlin Township Ludington, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamlin Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Township's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Hamlin Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamlin Township, as of March 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note A, Hamlin Township has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, as of March 31, 2005.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i through vii and 25 through 26 are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplemental information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

#### **BRICKLEY DELONG**

Township Board June 9, 2005 Page 2

Brukley De Long, PLC

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hamlin Township's financial statements. The nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basis financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2005

#### ASSETS

	_	Governmental activities
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments Taxes receivable Due from other governmental units Prepaid items	\$	880,363 19,394 32,772 4,989
Total current assets	_	937,518
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets, net Nondepreciable Depreciable		142,018 862,666
Total noncurrent assets	_	1,004,684
Total assets		1,942,202
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Bonds and capital leases, due within one year		9,268 26,244
Total current liabilities		35,512
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES  Bonds and capital leases, less amounts due within one year  Compensated absences, less amounts due within one year		528,071 2,670
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	530,741
Total liabilities	_	566,253
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		450,369
Debt service Unrestricted		117,373 808,207
	\$ _	1,375,949

# Hamlin Township **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

For the year ended March 31, 2005

			_	Program Revenue			Reve	Net (Expense) Finue and Changes In Net Assets Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	•	Charges for services		Capital grants and contributions		activities
Governmental activities	_	Emperioes	_		dire	Continuations		- detrities
General government	\$	249,301	\$	59,623	\$	-	\$	(189,678)
Public safety		81,769		-		4,000		(77,769)
Public works		49,037		23,501		- -		(25,536)
Health, welfare and sanitation		35,861		-		-		(35,861)
Culture and recreation		14,734		-		-		(14,734)
Community and economic development		30,074		=		_		(30,074)
Interest on long-term debt		31,572		-		-		(31,572)
Total governmental activities	\$_	492,348	\$	83,124	\$_	4,000		(405,224)
General revenues								
Taxes								
Property taxes, levied for general purposes								113,967
Property taxes, levied for fire operations and debt service								140,042
Franchise taxes								4,178
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs								215,371
Unrestricted investment earnings								16,941
Miscellaneous								9,215
Total general revenues and special items							_	499,714
Change in net assets								94,490
Net assets at April 1, 2004							_	1,281,459
Net assets at March 31, 2005							\$_	1,375,949

Hamlin Township BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds March 31, 2005

	General Fund			Fire Fund	_	Debt Service	g 	Other overnmental funds	Total l governmental funds	
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	660,182	\$	69,807	\$	111,774	\$	38,600	\$	880,363
Taxes Receivable		8,488		5,307		5,599		-		19,394
Due from other governmental units		32,772		-		-		-		32,772
Prepaid items	_	2,386	_	2,603	_	-	_			4,989
Total assets	\$=	703,828	\$_	77,717	\$_	117,373	\$_	38,600	\$_	937,518
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	9,268	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,268
Fund balances										
Reserved for:										
Debt service		-		-		117,373		-		117,373
Prepaid items		2,386		-		-		-		2,386
Unreserved										
General fund		692,174		-		-		-		692,174
Special revenue funds	_	-	_	77,717	_		_	38,600		116,317
Total fund balances	_	694,560	_	77,717	_	117,373	_	38,600	_	928,250
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$=	703,828	\$=	77,717	\$ =	117,373	\$_	38,600	\$_	937,518

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2005

Total fund balance—governmental funds		\$	928,250
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Cost of capital assets	\$ 1,425,157		
Accumulated depreciation	(420,473)		1,004,684
Long-term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current			
period and are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Bonds and capital lease payable	(554,315)		
Compensated absences	(2,670)	_	(556,985)
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets		\$	1,375,949

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### Governmental Funds

For the year ended March 31, 2005

	_	General Fund	_	Fire fund		Debt service	g	Other overnmental funds	_	governmental governmental funds
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	113,967	\$	68,140	\$	71,679	\$	-	\$	253,786
Licenses and permits		3,140		-		-		-		3,140
Intergovernmental revenues - state		215,371		-		-		-		215,371
Charges for services		81,248		-		-		-		81,248
Fines and forfeitures		957		-		-		-		957
Investment earnings		13,093		583		1,423		885		15,984
Other	_	9,201	_	6,928	_		_		_	16,129
Total revenues		436,977		75,651		73,102		885		586,615
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		223,684		-		-		-		223,684
Public safety		-		57,456		=		-		57,456
Public works		49,037		-		-		-		49,037
Health and sanitation		35,861		-		-		-		35,861
Community and economic development		30,074		-		-		-		30,074
Culture and recreation		12,492		-		-		-		12,492
Debt service								-		
Principal		1,115		-		20,000		-		21,115
Interest and fees		542		-		31,030		-		31,572
Capital outlay	_		_	4,425	_		_		_	4,425
Total expenditures	_	352,805	_	61,881	_	51,030	_	-	_	465,716
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		84,172		13,770		22,072		885		120,899
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		885		1,013		-		-		1,898
Transfers out		(1,013)		-		-		(885)		(1,898)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(128)	-	1,013		-		(885)	-	-
Net change in fund balances		84,044		14,783		22,072		-		120,899
Fund balances at April 1, 2004	_	610,516	_	62,934	_	95,301	_	38,600	_	807,351
Fund balances at March 31, 2005	\$_	694,560	\$_	77,717	\$_	117,373	\$	38,600	\$_	928,250

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds		\$	120,899
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.			
Depreciation expense Capital outlay	\$ (51,800) 4,425		(47,375)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.			21,115
Increases in the compensated absences are reported on the accrual method in the Statement of Activities and reported as expenditures when financial resources are used			
in the governmental funds.		_	(149)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	94,490

# Hamlin Township STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

Fiduciary Funds March 31, 2005

ACCETTO	_	Employee Benefit Plan		
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$=	54,565	\$	11,652
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments	\$_		\$	11,652
NET ASSETS Held in trust for benefits and other purposes	\$ =	54,565		

# Hamlin Township STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

### Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended March 31, 2005

	_	Employee Benefit Plan	
ADDITIONS			
Contributions			
Employer	\$	10,974	
Investment earnings			
Net increase in fair value of investments	_	4,015	
Total additions		14,989	
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits		12,244	
Fees	_	865	
Total deductions	_	13,109	
Change in net assets		1,880	
Net assets at April 1, 2004	_	52,685	
Net assets at March 31, 2005	\$_	54,565	

# Hamlin Township NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2005

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Hamlin Township (Township) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Effective April 1, 2004, the Township adopted GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37 and No. 38. These statements primarily establish standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments. Certain significant changes in these statements include the following:

- A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Township's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Government-wide financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Township's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.
- Expansion of footnote disclosures.
- These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements, including notes to financial statements.

The beginning net assets restated for the effects of implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 are as follows:

Fund balances at April 1, 2004—governmental funds	\$ 807,351
Capital assets, net	1,052,059
Long-term liabilities	(575,430)
Compensated absences	(2,521)
Restated net assets at April 1, 2004	\$ <u>1,281,459</u>

#### 1. Reporting Entity

Hamlin Township (Township) is a common law township governed by an elected five-member board.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the Township has certain oversight responsibilities over other organizations, those organizations should be included in the Township's financial statements. Since no organizations met this criteria, none are included in the financial statements.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

#### 2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The Township does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Fire Fund is used to account for the Township's fire department operations.

The Debt Service Fund is used for the repayment of debt.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Township's employees retirement plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Township has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### 4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

#### a. Deposits and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Township has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

All investments are stated at fair value.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

#### 4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

#### a. Deposits and Investments—Continued

Pension plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

The Township's pension trust investments are held in trust by the investment fiduciary, John Hancock Financial Services. Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 38.1132, authorizes the Township's plan to invest in a wide variety of investments including stocks, bonds, certificates of deposit, real estate, annuity contracts, obligations of a specified nature, and real or personal property.

#### b. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on December 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollectible real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the Township to the County for collection. The County advances the Township all these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Township. The Township recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2004 state taxable value for real/personal property of the Township totaled approximately \$143,592,000. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .7579 mills for the Township's operating purposes, .4739 mills for fire operating purposes and .5 mills for debt service. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, Fire Fund and Debt Service Fund.

#### c. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

#### 4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

#### d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	40
Land improvements	10-15
Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	7-20

#### e. Compensated Absences

Full-time permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Township. Accumulated vacation time does not generally carry over beyond the calendar year in which it is earned. Sick leave accrues to full-time permanent employees to specified maximums. Generally, after one year of service, employees are entitled to a percentage of their sick leave balance.

#### f. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

#### 4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

#### g. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

#### NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the capital projects funds, which adopt project-length budgets, and the permanent fund, which is not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first week of March, the Township Supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Not later than the first week in March, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the Township Board. All appropriations lapse at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Township's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. The Township Board made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

#### NOTE C-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### 1. Deposits

The Township's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year end. Category 1 includes deposits insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name. Category 2 includes deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent in the entity's name. Category 3 includes deposits which are uncollateralized

As of March 31, 2005, the Township's carrying amount of deposits was \$211,419, and the bank balance was \$235,433. Of the bank balance, \$154,892 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining \$80,541 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### 2. Investments

As of March 31, 2005, the Township's investments represented holdings in investment pools, certificates of deposit with original maturities exceeding six months and mutual funds. During the year ended March 31, 2005, the Township's investments were only in these types of investments.

The Township's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or the securities held by the Township or its agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Township's name. The state-approved investment pools are not categorized as they are synonymous with mutual funds. As of March 31, 2005, the Township's fair value in those pools and mutual funds was \$656,166.

				Fair
		Category		value
	<u>1</u>	_2_	3	<u>amount</u>
Certificates of deposit	\$ <u>78,995</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>78,995</u>

The composition of pension trust fund investments at fair value is included in the previous paragraph and shown in the following table:

Managed domestic stock funds \$\_54,565

Below is a summary of the combined balance sheet deposits and investments:

	Government	Fiduciary		
	<u>activities</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Cash and investments	\$ 880,363	\$ <u>66,217</u>	\$ 946,580	

### NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Balance April 1, _2004	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance March 31, 
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 142,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 142,018
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	1,025,201 139,014 114,500	4,425	- - -	1,025,201 143,439 114,500
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,278,715	4,425		1,283,140
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	211,085 58,189 99,400	28,113 18,462 5,225	- - -	239,198 76,651 104,625
Total accumulated depreciation	368,674	51,800		420,474
Total capital assets, being depreciated, ne	t <u>910,041</u>	(47,375)		862,666
Capital assets, net	\$ <u>1,052,059</u>	\$ <u>(47,375)</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>1,004,684</u>
Government activities: Depreciation expense was charged to function	ons as follows:			
General government Public safety Culture and recreation				\$ 25,468 24,090 2,242 \$ 51,800

#### NOTE E—LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities activity for the Township for the year ended March 31, 2005.

	Balance April 1, 2004	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance March 31, 2005	Due within one year
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds	\$ 570,000	\$ -	\$ 20,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 25,000
Capital lease payable	5,430	ψ - -	1,115	4,315	1,244
Compensated absences	<u>2,521</u>	149		<u>2,670</u>	
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$ <u>577,951</u>	\$ <u>149</u>	\$ <u>21,115</u>	\$ <u>556,985</u>	\$ <u>26,244</u>
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
\$550,000 Limited Tax General	Obligation				
Bonds of 2000 with final ins	tallment of				
\$55,000 due March 2020; in	terest at 5.3%			\$ 550,000	
10.98% Capital lease payable due in monthly installments of \$138 including interest; final					
payment due April 2008				4,315	
				554,315	
Compensated absences				<u>2,670</u>	
				\$ <u>556,985</u>	

The general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the Township.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of March 31, 2005 follows:

	Governmental							
Year ending	<u>activities</u>							
March 31, 2005	<u>P</u> :	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>		
2006	\$	26,244	\$	30,382	\$	56,626		
2007		26,388		28,913		55,301		
2008		26,547		27,429		53,976		
2009		30,136		25,995		56,131		
2010		30,000		24,406		54,406		
2011-2015		180,000		96,212	2	276,212		
2016-2020		235,000	_	41,320		276,320		
Total	\$	554,315	\$_	274,657	\$_3	828,972		

#### NOTE F—OTHER INFORMATION

#### 1. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss in excess of insurance coverage can be reasonably estimated. There has been no loss in excess of insurance in the past three years.

#### 2. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Township expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Township is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Township's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Township.

#### NOTE G—PENSION PLAN

The Township provides pension benefits for all of its board members and full-time employees through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Township is required to contribute an amount equal to 10 percent of the qualified employees' annual compensation each plan year. For the year ended March 31, 2005, pension expense was approximately \$11,000.

#### NOTE H—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 49 percent of General Fund revenues.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund

For the year ended March 31, 2005

Variance with

								iance with il budget-
	_	Budgeted amounts					1	oositive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	(r	egative)
REVENUES		***				***		
Property taxes	\$	100,300	\$	103,975	\$	113,967	\$	9,992
Fees and fines		3,000		3,000		957		(2,043)
Licenses and permits		-		-		3,140		3,140
Intergovernmental revenues - state		175,000		180,000		215,371		35,371
Charges for services		61,900		63,750		81,248		17,498
Investment earnings		10,000		10,000		13,093		3,093
Miscellaneous	_	5,300	_	7,805	_	9,201	_	1,396
Total revenues		355,500		368,530		436,977		68,447
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government								
Legislative	\$	33,500	\$	34,250	\$	26,848	\$	7,402
Supervisor		25,000		25,000		20,669		4,331
Elections		6,000		6,000		4,939		1,061
Board of review		1,500		1,500		1,636		(136)
Clerk		29,000		29,000		24,854		4,146
Treasurer		29,000		29,000		31,877		(2,877)
Assessor		49,000		49,000		51,513		(2,513)
Office manager		37,000		37,000		37,978		(978)
Township hall		30,000		30,000		23,370		6,630
Public works								
Road commission		55,000		55,000		47,205		7,795
Street lights		2,000		2,000		1,832		168
Health and sanitation								
Transfer facility		35,000		35,000		35,861		(861)
Community and economic development								
Zoning administrator		34,000		34,000		17,987		16,013
Planning commission		8,000		8,000		9,315		(1,315)
Zoning board of appeals		5,000		5,000		2,772		2,228
Culture and recreation								
Parks		15,000		15,000		12,492		2,508
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		1,115		(1,115)
Interest and fees		-		-		542		(542)
Capital Outlay		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Contigencies	_	40,000	_	39,250	_			39,250
Total expenditures	_	444,000	_	444,000	_	352,805		91,195
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(88,500)	_	(75,470)	_	84,172	_	159,642
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		_		_		885		885
Transfers out		_		_		(1,013)		(1,013)
Total other financing sources and uses	_	_	_	-	_	(128)	_	(128)
	_	(00.500)	_	(75.470)	_		_	150 514
Net change in fund balances	\$=	(88,500)	\$=	(75,470)		84,044	\$=	159,514
Fund balance at April 1, 2004					_	610,516		
Fund balance at March 31, 2005					\$_	694,560		

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Fire Fund
For the year ended March 31, 2005

								riance with nal budget-
	Budgeted amounts					positive		
		Original	Final		Actual		(	negative)
REVENUES		_		_			_	
Property taxes	\$	63,000	\$	63,000	\$	68,140	\$	5,140
Investment earnings		200		200		583		383
Miscellaneous		600		600		6,928		6,328
Total revenues		63,800		63,800		75,651		11,851
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety	\$	62,000	\$	62,000	\$	57,456	\$	4,544
Capital outlay		2,000		2,000		4,425		(2,425)
Total expenditures	_	64,000	_	64,000	_	61,881	_	2,119
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(200)		(200)		13,770		13,970
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	_		_			1,013		1,013
Net change in fund balances	\$	(200)	\$_	(200)		14,783	\$	14,983
Fund balance at April 1, 2004						62,934		
Fund balance at March 31, 2005					\$	77,717		



### BALANCE SHEET

## Other Governmental Funds March 31, 2005

		Special
	_	Revenue Fund
		Budget
		Stabilization
	_	Fund
ASSETS		_
Cash and investments	\$.	38,600
Total assets	\$	38,600
FUND BALANCE		
Fund balances		
Unrestricted	\$.	38,600
Total fund balances	\$	38,600

# Hamlin Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### Governmental Funds

For the year ended March 31, 2005

	Rev	Special Revenue Fund Budget Stabilization Fund	
REVENUES			
Investment earnings	\$	885	
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Operating transfers out		(885)	
Net change in fund balances		-	
Fund balances at April 1, 2004		38,600	
Fund balances at March 31, 2005	\$	38,600	